Translating Research to Policy Impact ICPH Beyond Housing 2020 #BH2020

David A. Williams
Opportunity Insights



The American Dream?

Chance that a child born into a low-income family becomes a high-income adult

USA

UK

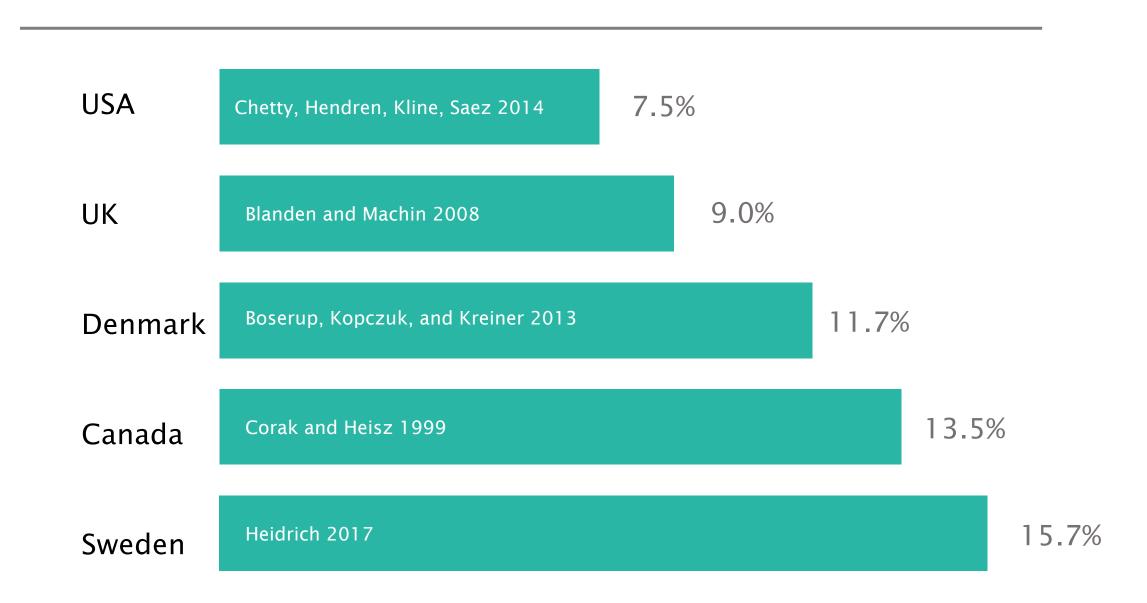
Denmark

Canada

Sweden

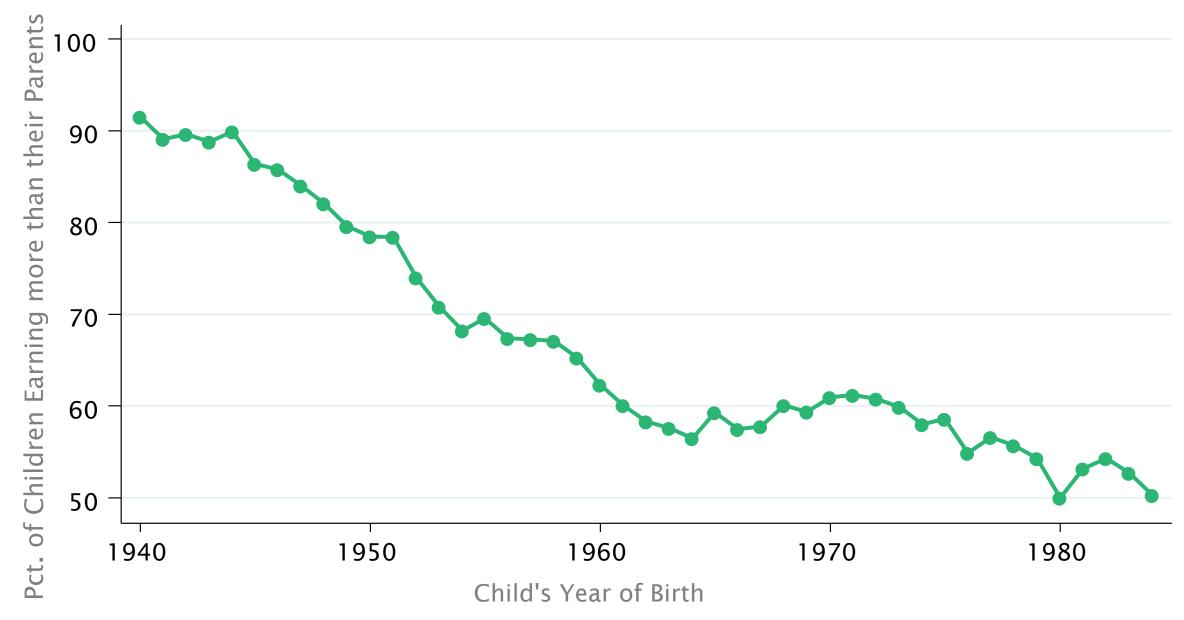
The American Dream?

Chance that a child born into a low-income family becomes a high-income adult



The Fading American Dream

Percent of Children Earning More than Their Parents, by Year of Birth



Source: Chetty, Grusky, Hell, Hendren, Manduca, Narang (Science 2017)



We use big data to study how to increase upward mobility



Analyze a broad range of interventions, from childhood to adulthood





The Opportunity Atlas: How We Produce Our Measure of Economic Mobility









Focus on kids living in low-income families

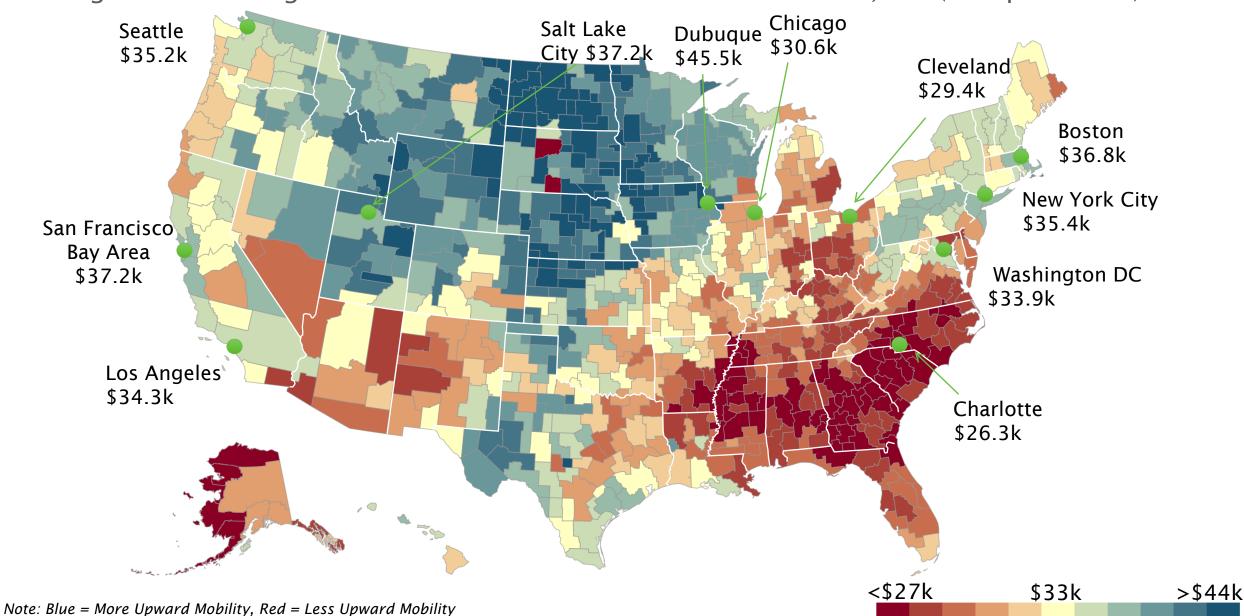
Determine their childhood neighborhoods

Measure their adult socioeconomic outcomes in recent years

Show averages for each census tract in the U.S.

The Geography of Upward Mobility in the United States

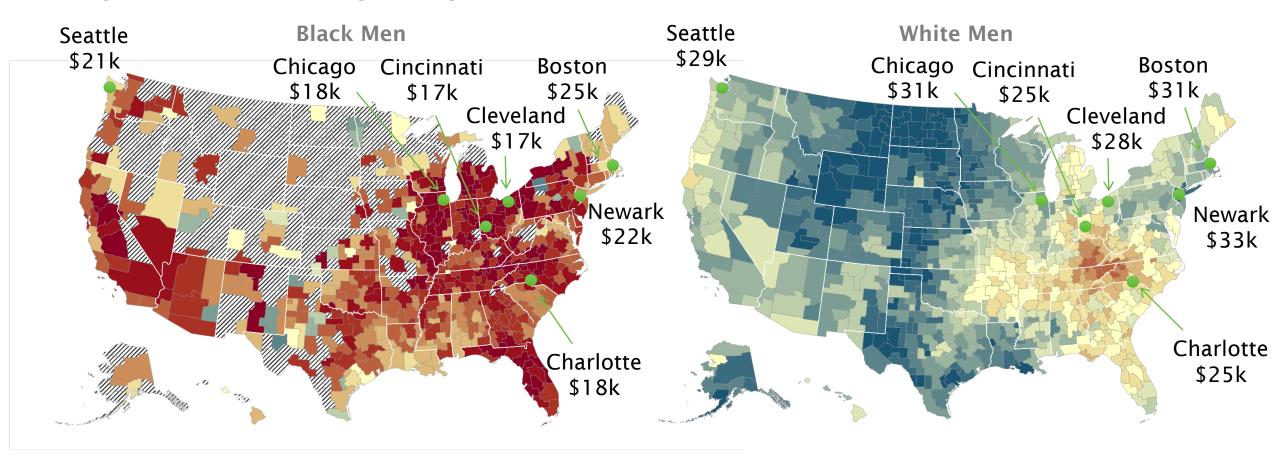
Average Income at Age 35 for Children whose Parents Earned \$27,000 (25th percentile)

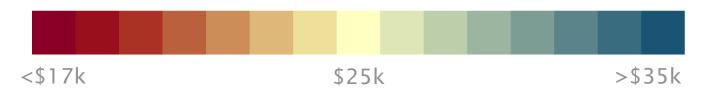


Note: Blue = More Upward Mobility, Red = Less Upward Mobility Source: Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

Two Americas: The Geography of Upward Mobility For Black vs. White Men

Average Individual Earnings at Age 35 For Men Whose Parents Earned \$27,000 (25th percentile)



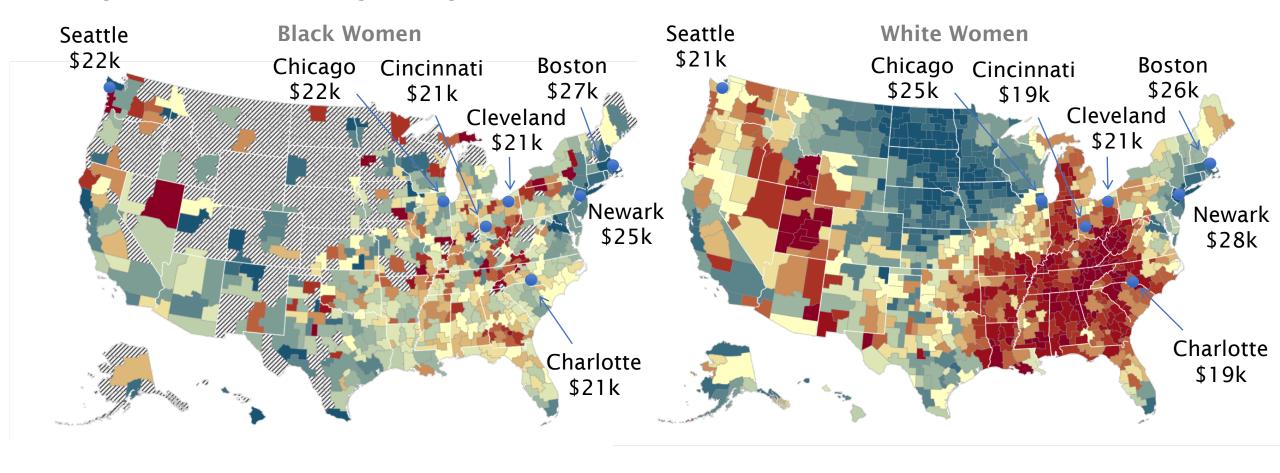


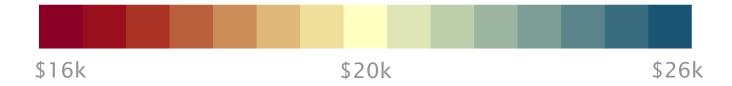
Note: Blue = More Upward Mobility, Red = Less Upward Mobility

Source: Chetty, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

Two Americas: The Geography of Upward Mobility For Black vs. White Women

Average Individual Earnings at Age 35 For Women Whose Parents Earned \$27,000 (25th pctile)

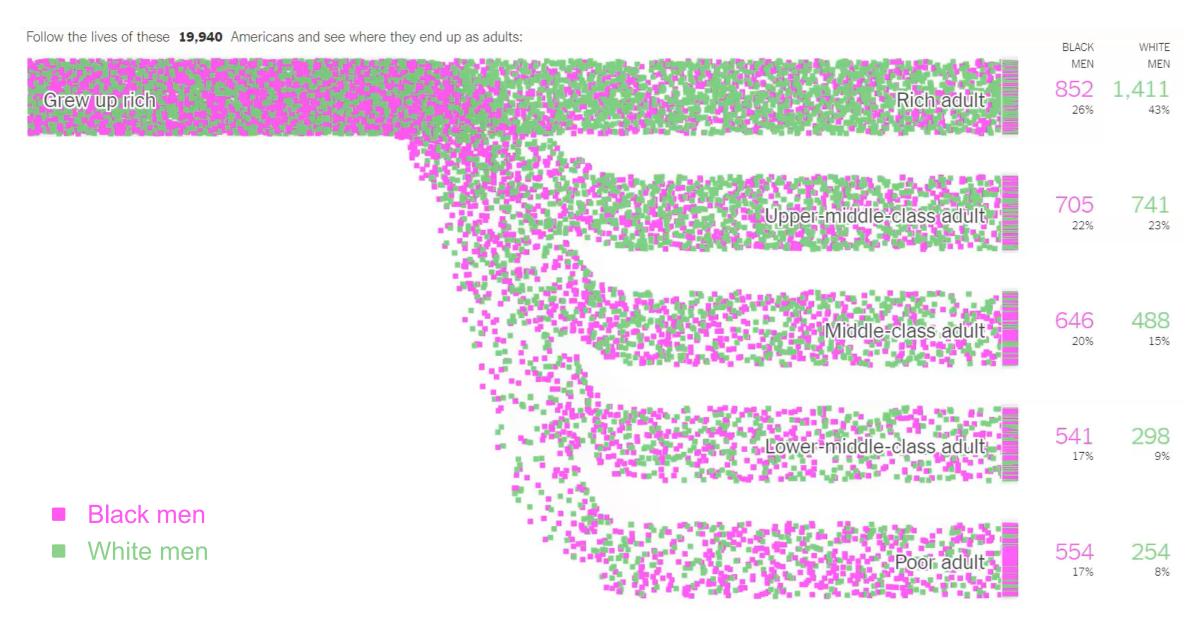




Note: Blue = More Upward Mobility, Red = Less Upward Mobility

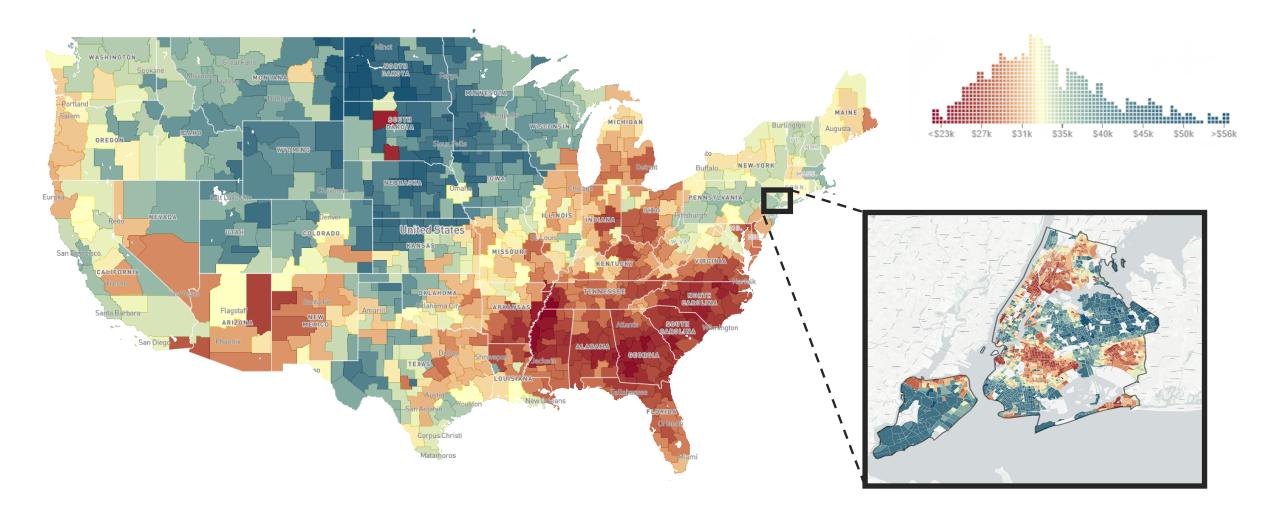
Source: Chetty, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

Income Mobility for Black vs. White Men Raised in High-Income Families



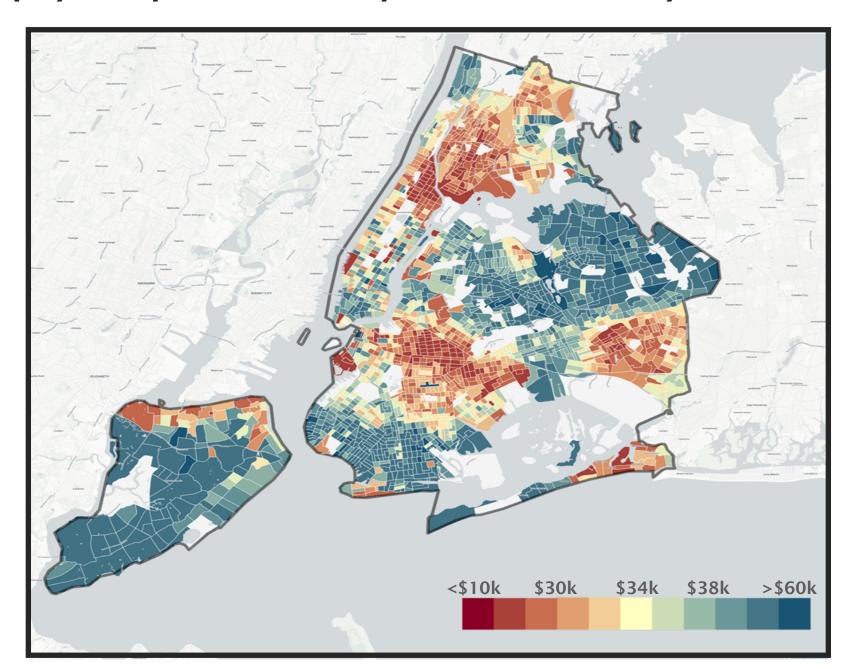
Source: Chetty, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018; New York Times 2018

The Geography of Upward Mobility in New York City



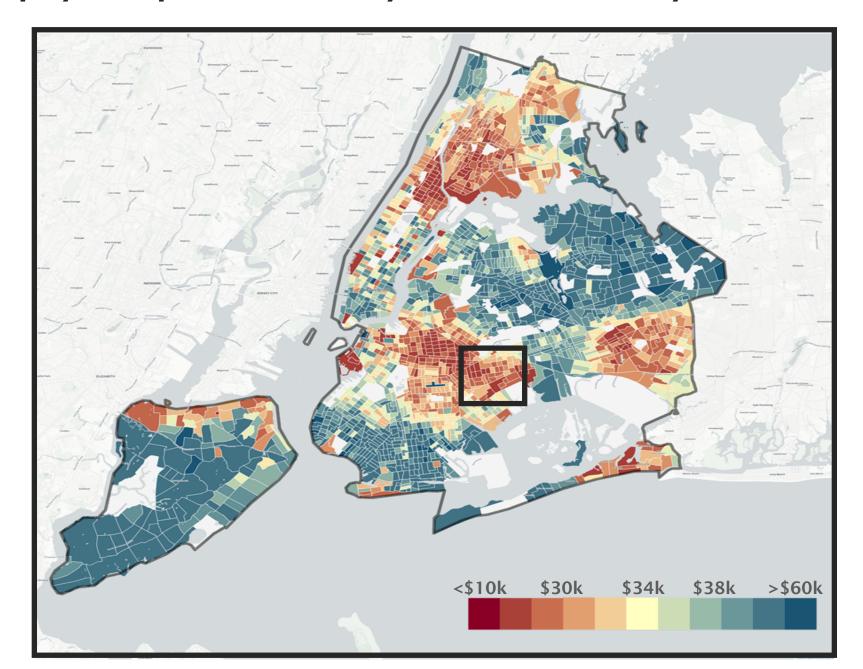


The Geography of Upward Mobility in New York City



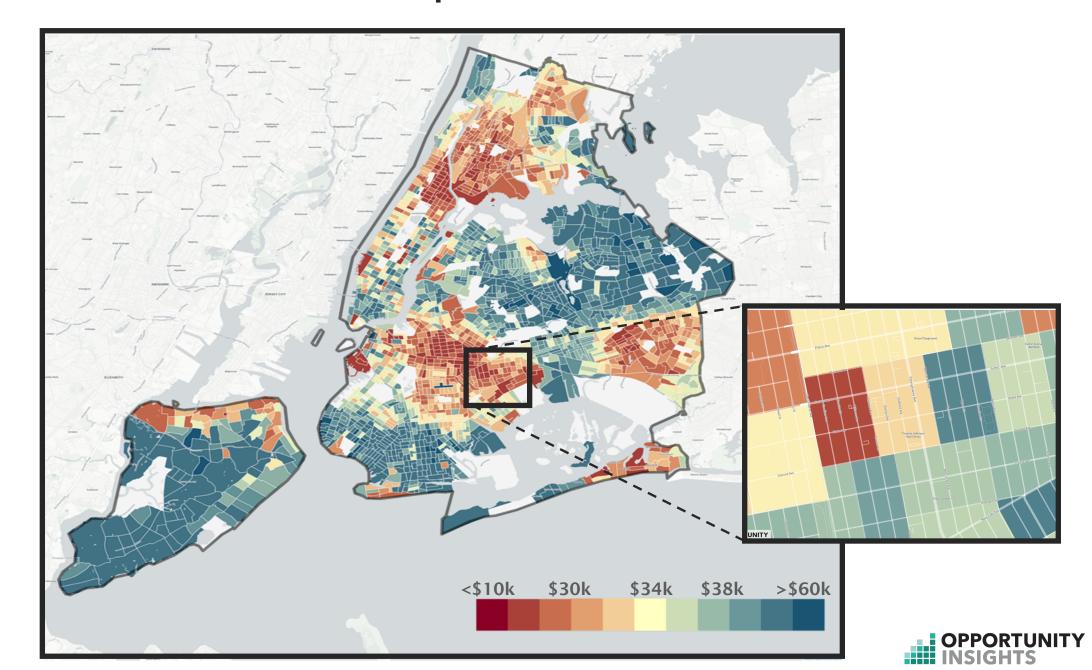


The Geography of Upward Mobility in New York City





Low-Income Children in NYC Grow Up to Make about the National Median

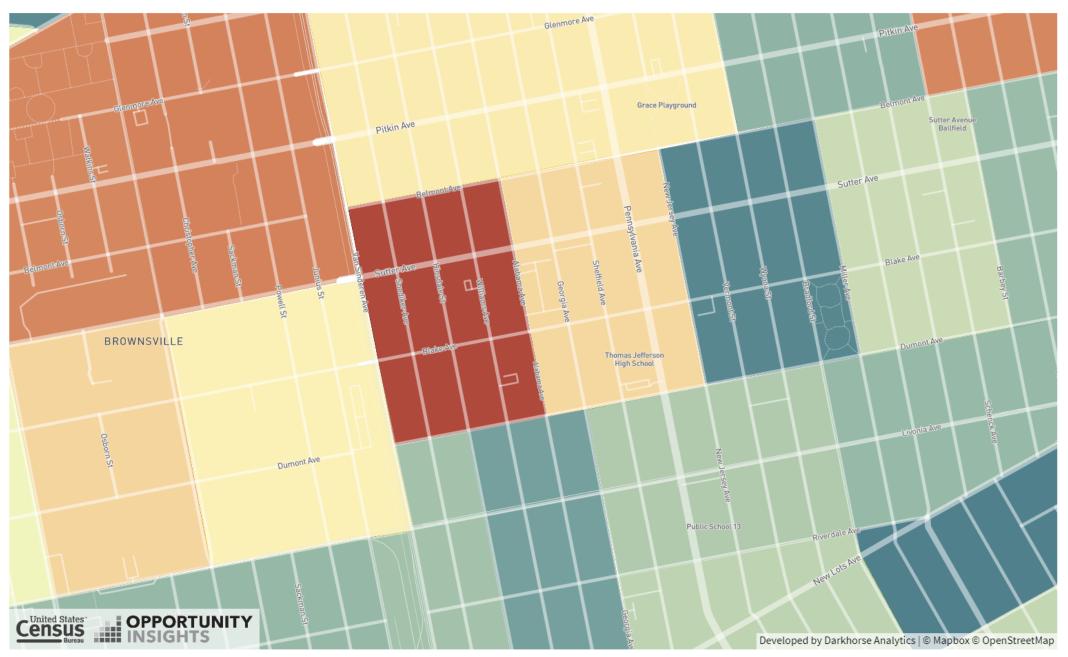






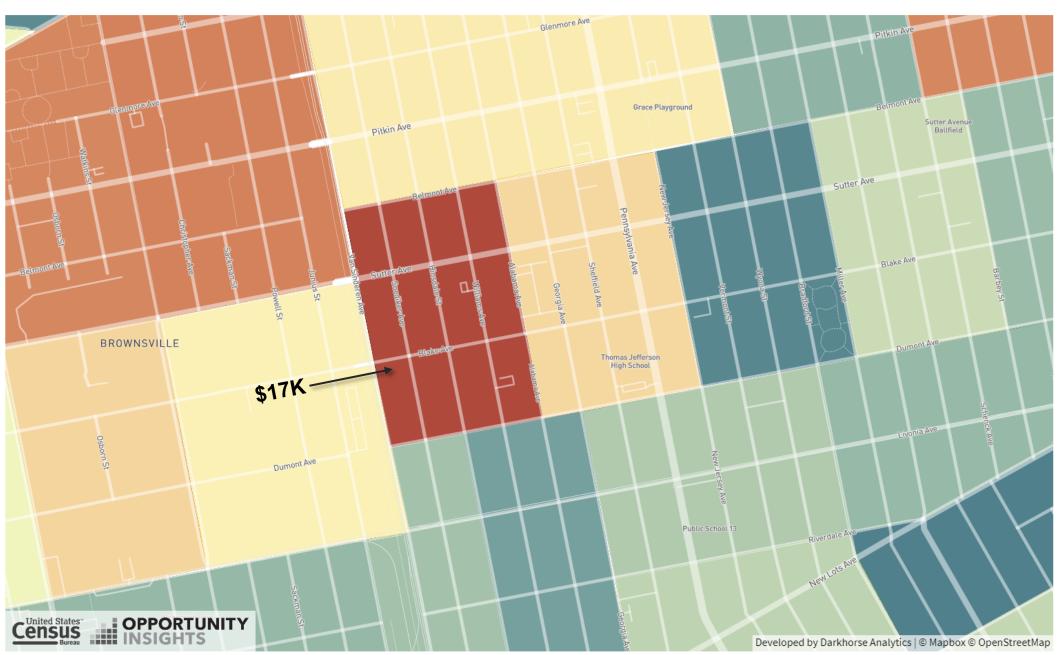
Household Income for Black Children of Low Income Parents



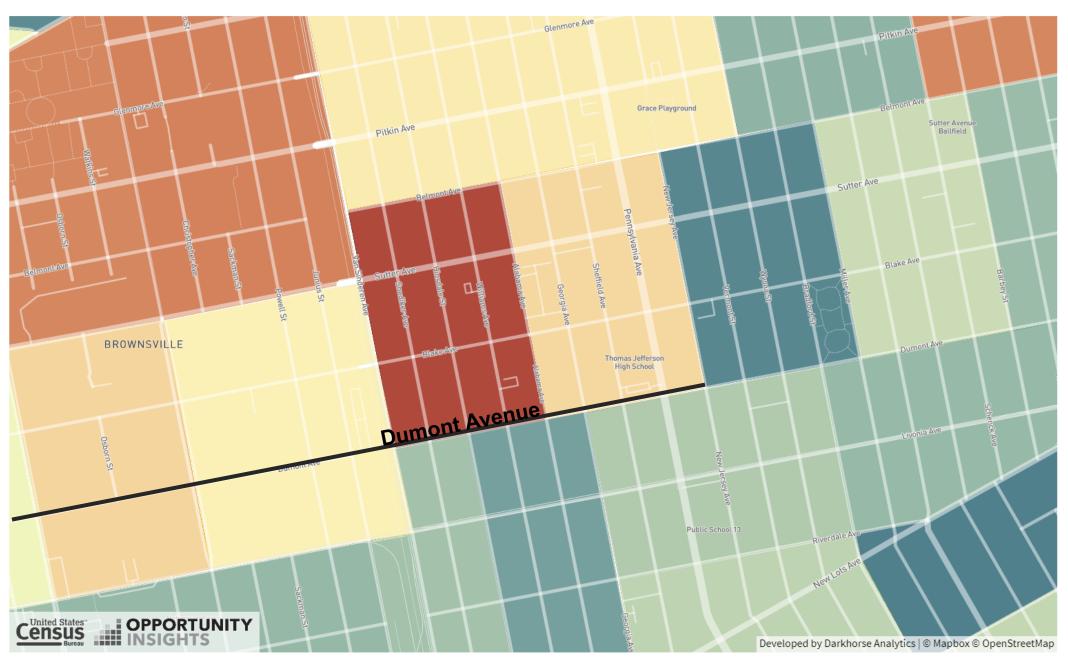


Household Income for Black Children of Low Income Parents

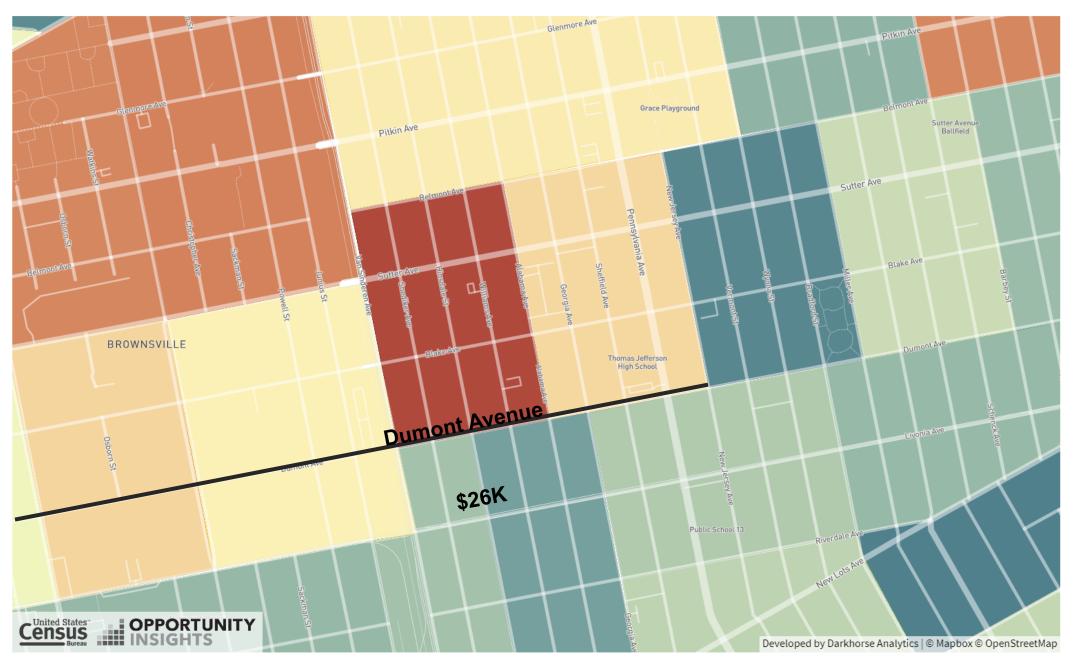








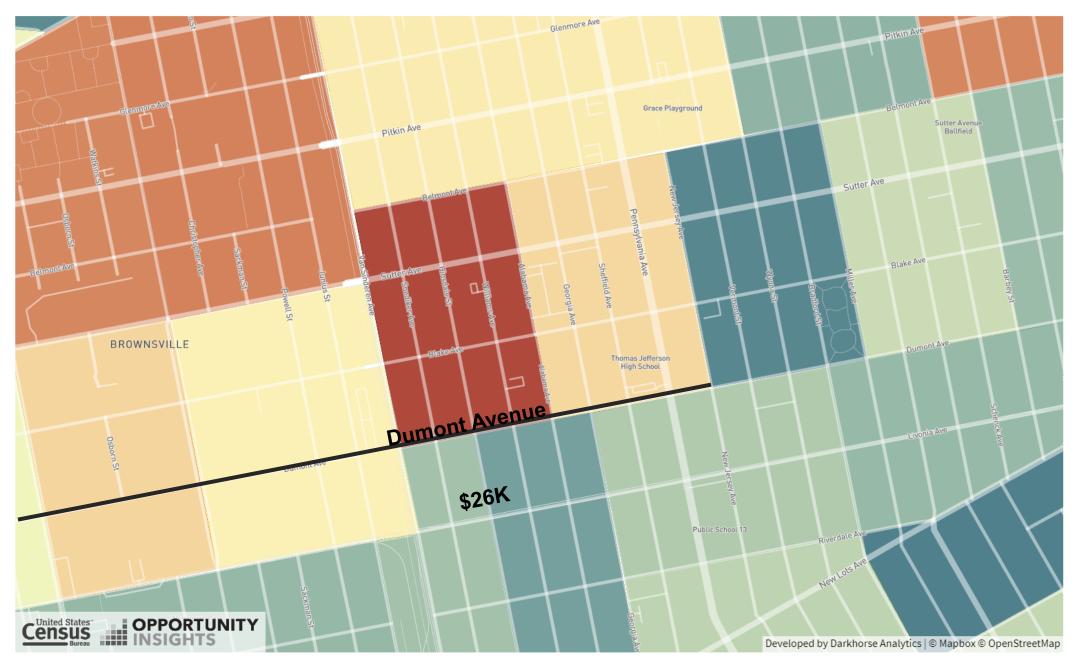




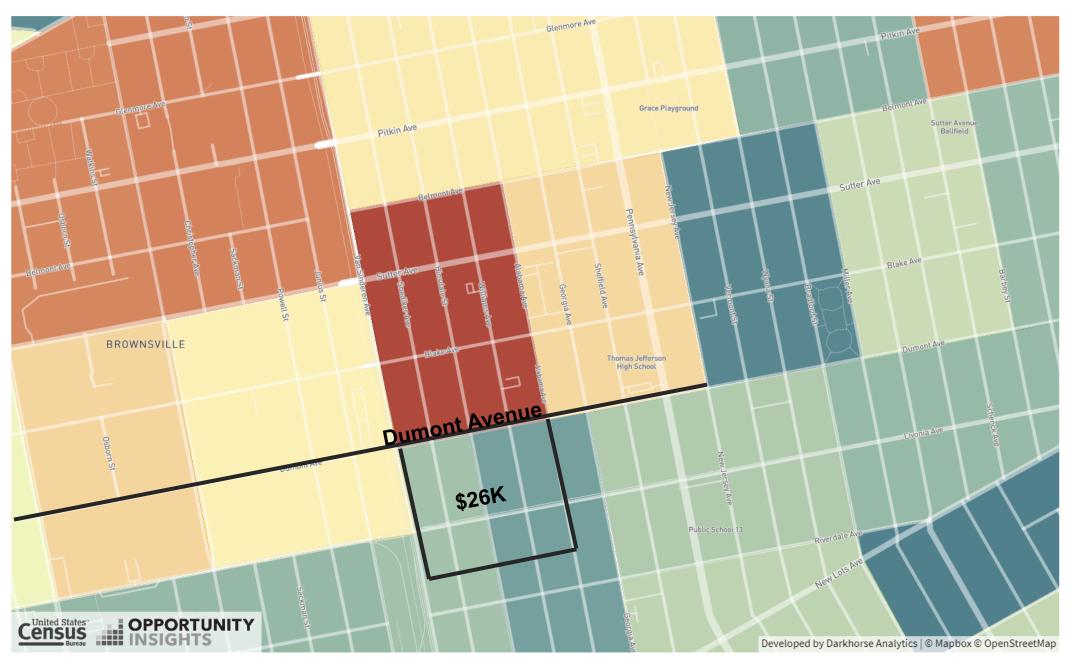


Household Income for Black Children of Low Income Parents









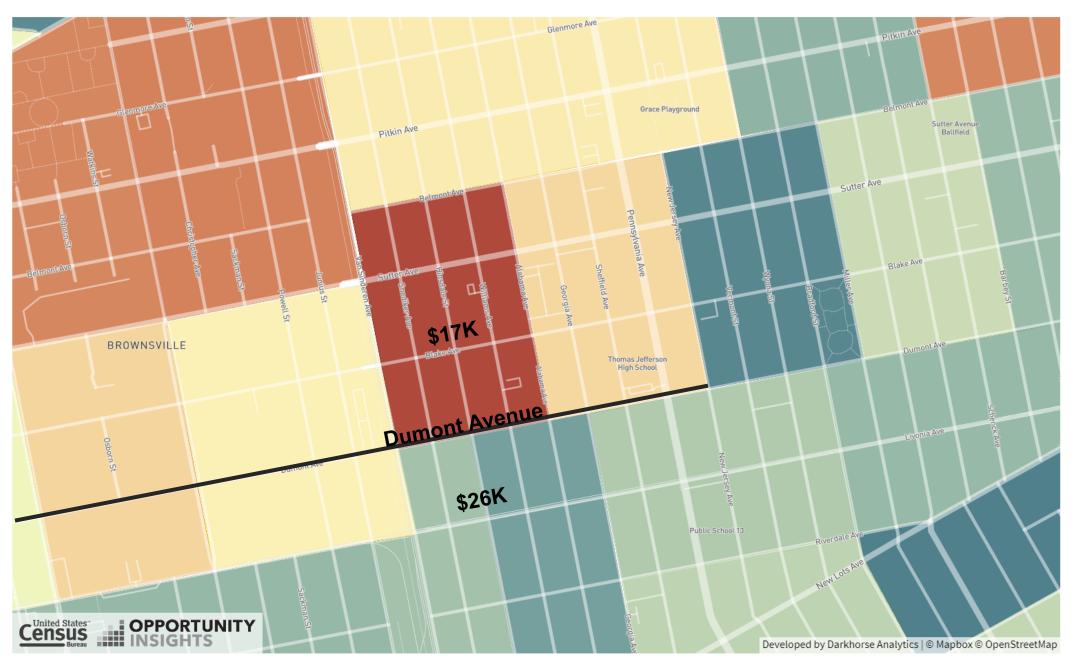




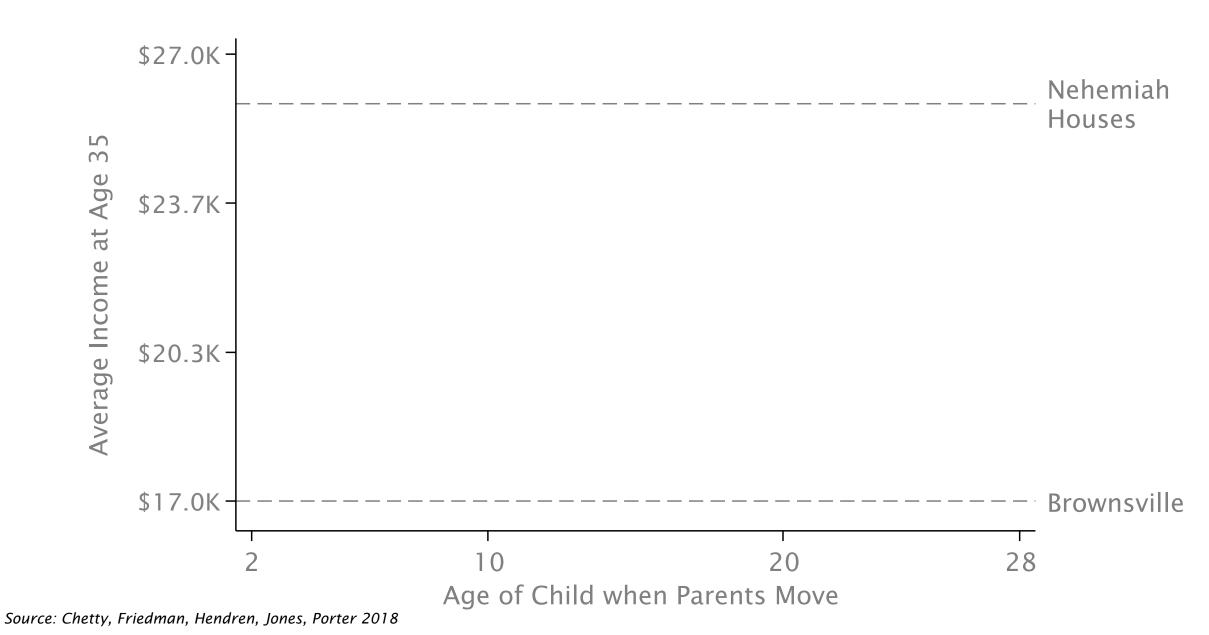




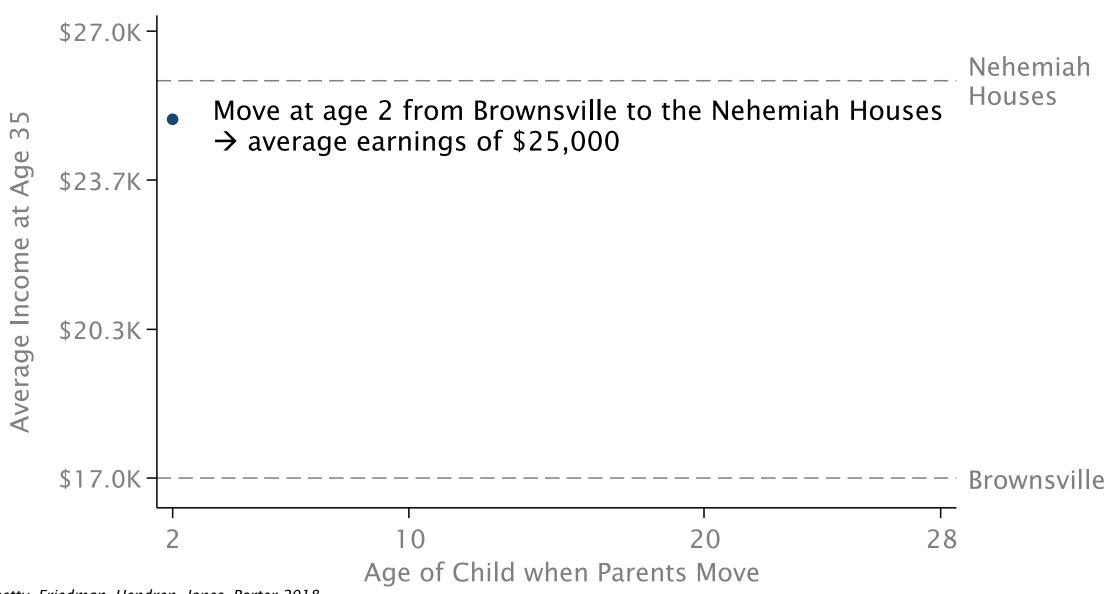




By Child's Age at Move

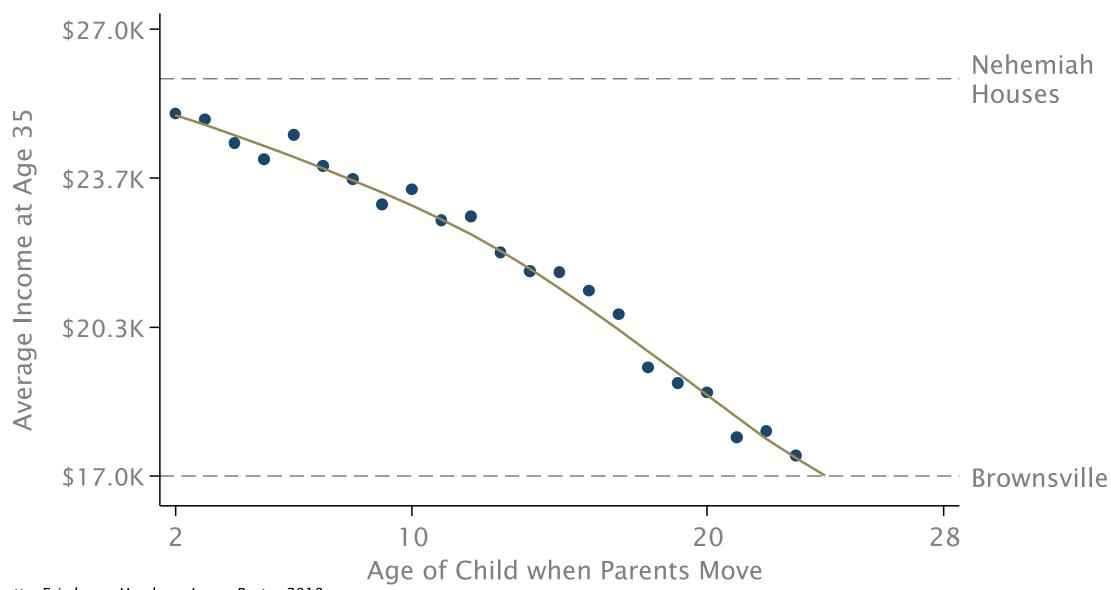


By Child's Age at Move



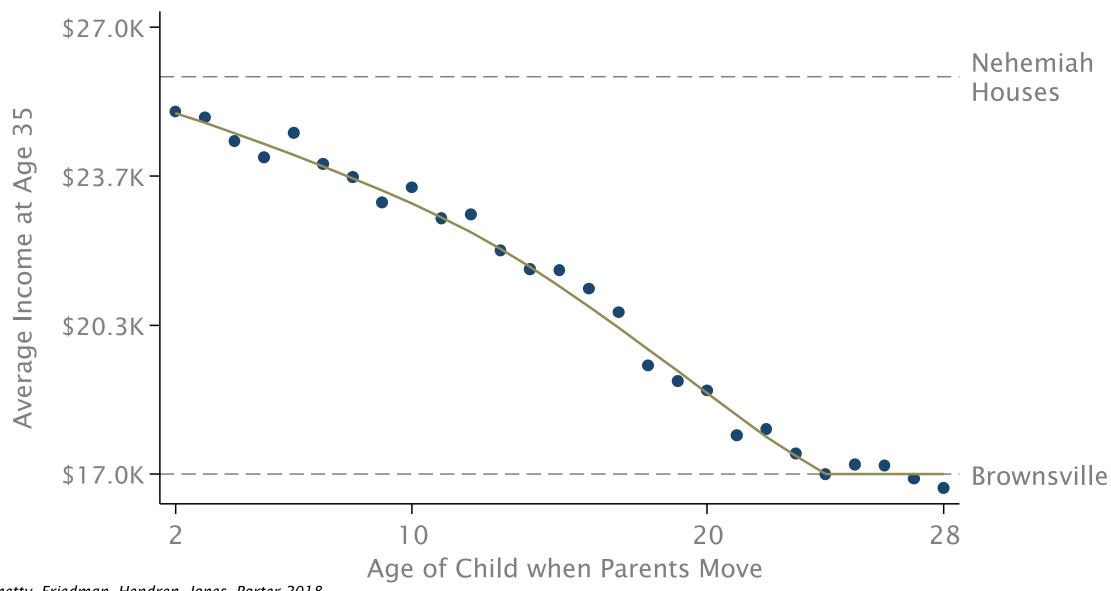
Source: Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

By Child's Age at Move



Source: Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

By Child's Age at Move



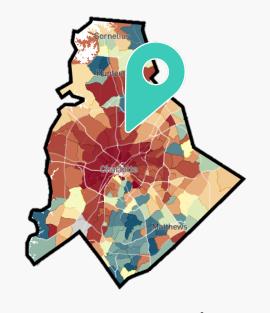
Source: Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Jones, Porter 2018

From Research to Policy: Three Pillars

Reducing **Segregation**



Help Low-Income Families Move to High-Opportunity Areas Place-Based Investments



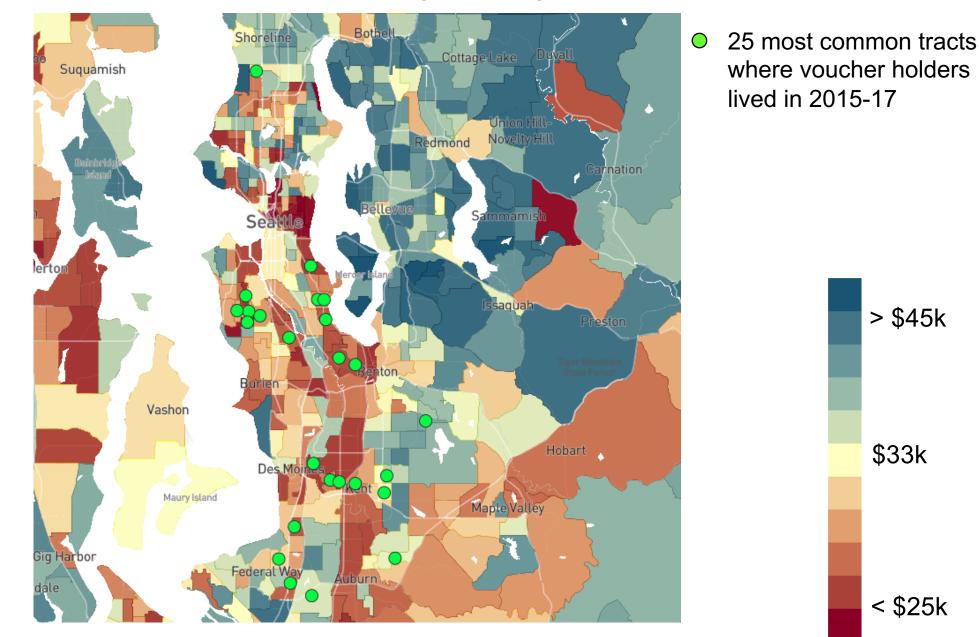
Increase Upward Mobility in Low-Opportunity Areas Improving Higher Education



Amplify Impacts of Colleges on Mobility

Is Housing Policy Maximizing Opportunities for Upward Mobility?

Most Common Current Locations of Families Receiving Housing Vouchers in Seattle



> \$45k

\$33k

< \$25k

Source: Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Jones, Porter (2018)

Creating Moves to Opportunity in Seattle

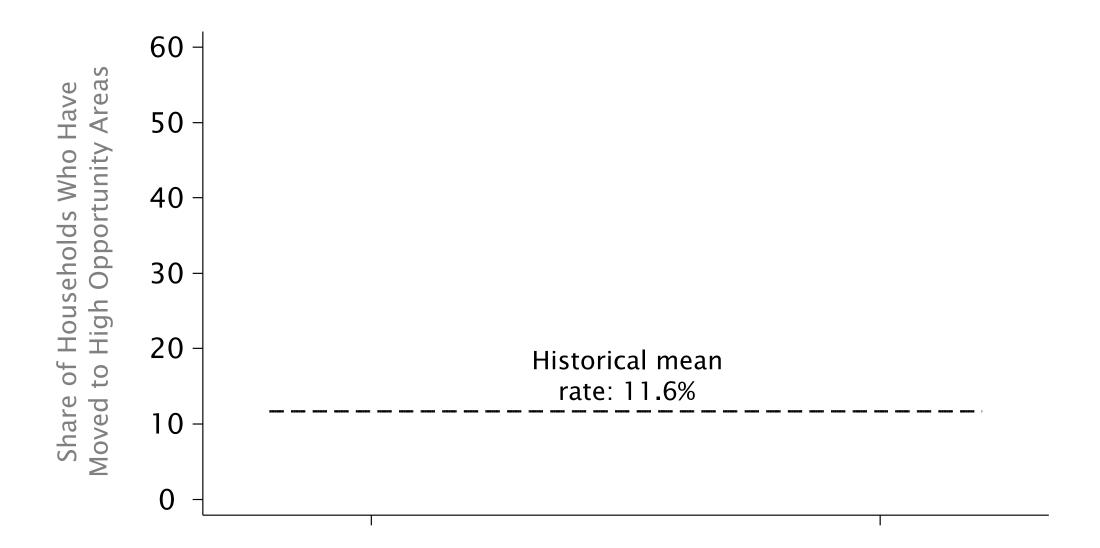
Randomized trial to help families with housing vouchers move to highopportunity neighborhoods

Housing search assistance, landlord recruitment, short-term financial assistance



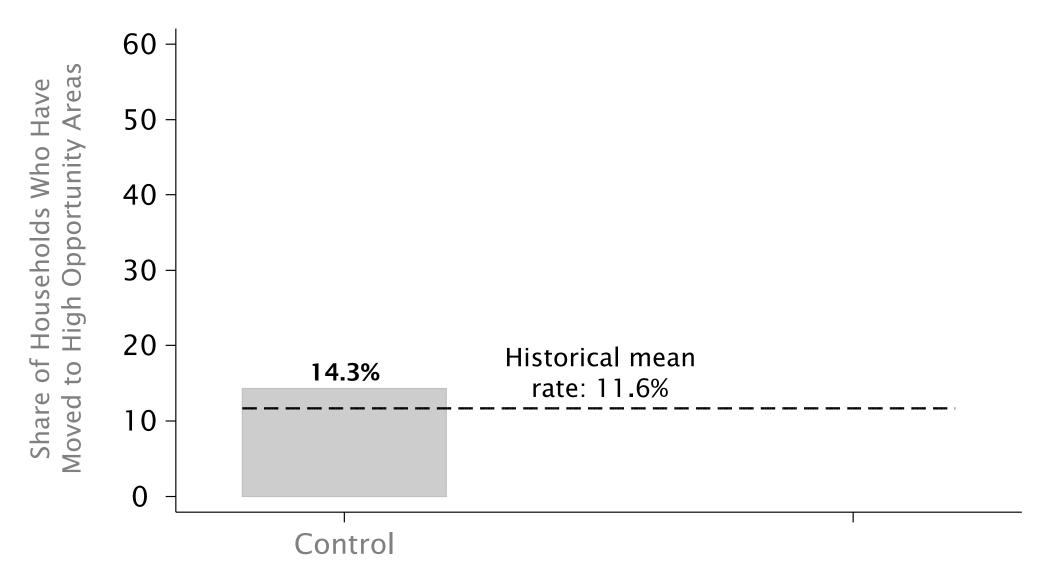
Source: Bergman, Chetty, DeLuca, Hendren, Katz, Palmer (2019)

Effect of CMTO on Fraction of Families who Moved to High-Opportunity Areas





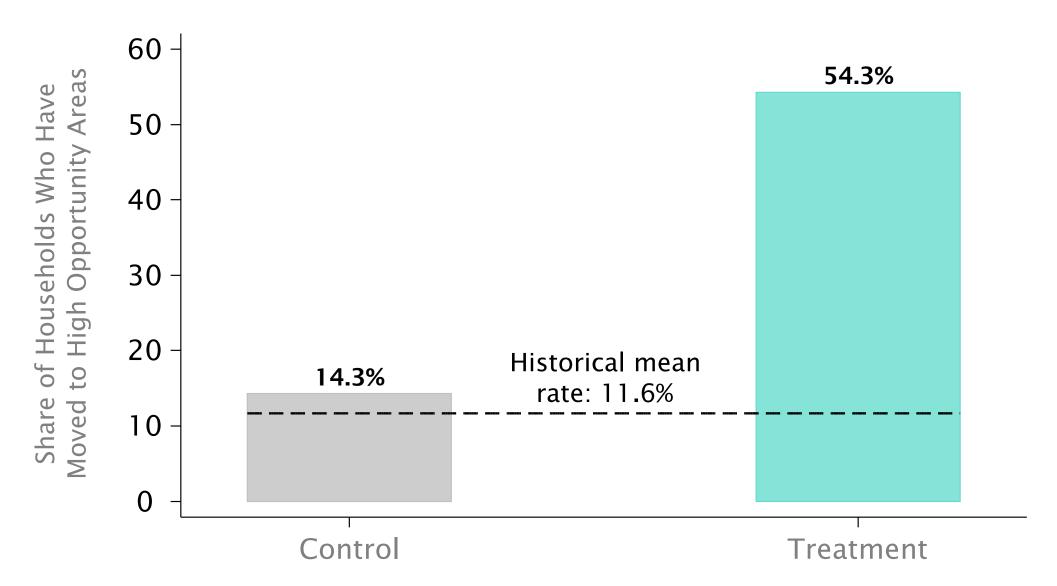
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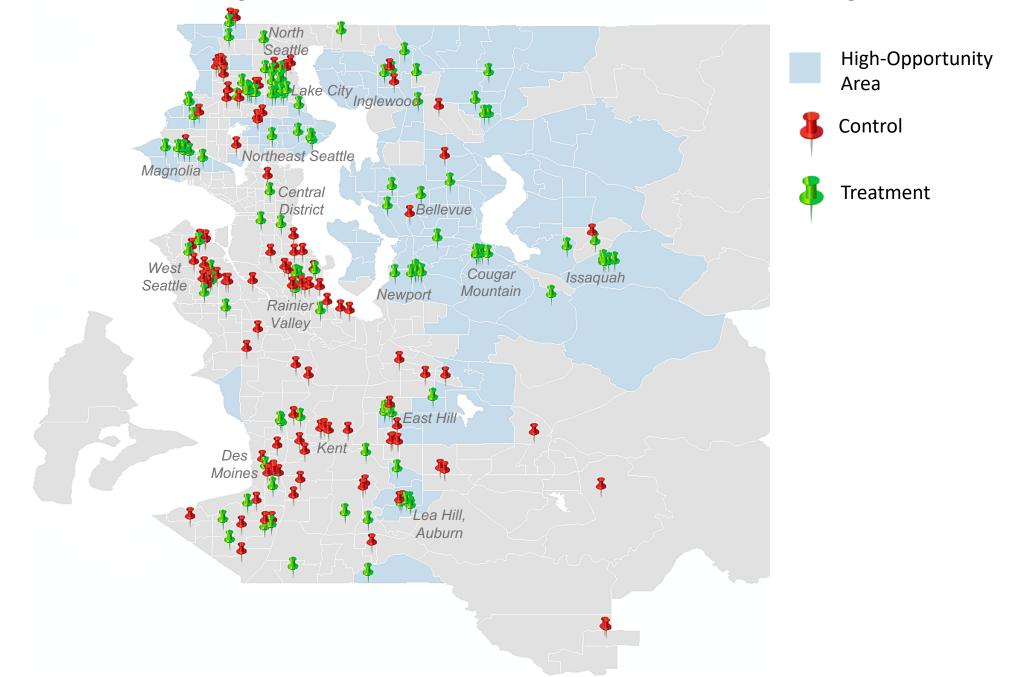
Effect of CMTO on Fraction of Families who Moved to High-Opportunity Areas

Treatment Families Are Nearly 4x More Likely to Move to High Opportunity Neighborhoods



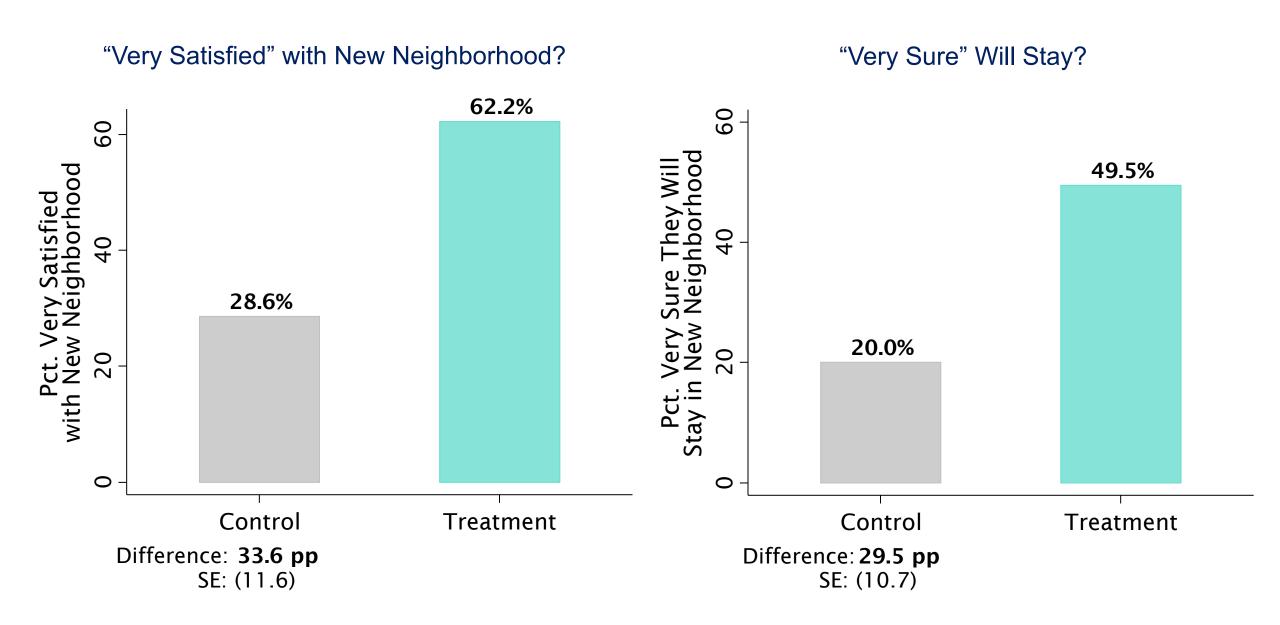


Neighborhoods Chosen by Families in Control vs. Treatment Group



Satisfaction with New Neighborhoods

Based on Surveys Conducted Six Months After Move



CMTO Replication and Expansion



Family Stability and Opportunity Vouchers Act of 2019

- Introduced by U.S. Senators Chris Van Hollen (D-Md.) and Todd Young (R-Ind.) in December 2019
- Creates an additional 500,000 housing vouchers for lowincome, high-need families with young children
- Families qualify if they have a history of homelessness or housing instability
- Provides supports for families to move to high opportunity neighborhoods

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Young (for himself and Mr. Van Hollen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To authorize a new type of housing choice voucher to help achieve the goals of ending homelessness among families with children, increasing housing opportunities, and improving life outcomes of poor children.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Family Stability and
- 5 Opportunity Vouchers Act of 2019".

SC4 7R 264



From Jasmine, 7 years old, whose family moved to a high-opportunity area in Seattle in the Creating Moves to Opportunity study

OPPORTUNITY INSIGHTS



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